Your Medicare Options

Original Medicare

- You can use any doctor or hospital that takes Medicare, anywhere in the US.
- To help pay your out-of-pocket costs in Original Medicare (like your 20% coinsurance), you can also shop for and buy supplemental coverage.

Medicare Advantage (also known as Part C)

- In most cases, you'll need to use the doctors who are in the plan's network.
- Plans may have lower out-of-pocket costs than Original Medicare.

| | Original Medicare | Medicare Advantage | | | | |
|-------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Part A | Original Medicare includes Part A (Hospital Insurance) | Medicare Advantage Plans include Part A (Hospital Insurance) | | | | |
| Part B | Original Medicare includes Part B (Medical Insurance) | Medicare Advantage Plans include Part B (Medical Insurance) | | | | |
| Part D | You can add Part D (Prescription Drug Plan) | Most Medicare Advantage Plans include Part D (Prescription Drug Plan) | | | | |
| Extra Benefits | You can also add Medicare Supplement Insurance (Medigap). See Medigap Handout for More Information. | Plans may offer extra benefits that Original Medicare does not cover, like vision, hearing, and dental services, as well as Fitness Membership Benefits. Some plans include Lower out-of pocket costs. | | | | |

Medigap Plan Comparison

The chart below shows basic information about the different benefits that Medicare Supplement Insurance (Medigap) plans cover for 2022. If a percentage appears, the medigap plan covers that percentage of the benefit, and you're responsible for the rest. Out-of-pocket costs might change for 2023.

| | Medigap Plans | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---|----------|----------|----------|------------------------------|-----|-----|----------|--------|
| Benefits | Α | В | С | D | F* | G* | Κ | L | М | Ν |
| Medicare Part A coinsurance and hospital costs (up to an additional 365 days after Medicare benefits are used) | > | Y | Y | Y | N | Y | Y | Y | \ | \ |
| Medicare Part B coinsurance or copayment | \ \ | Y | V | V | V | V | 50% | 75% | K | *** |
| Blood (first 3 pints) | ∀ | Y | ✓ | ✓ | V | ✓ | 50% | 75% | (S | (|
| Part A hospice care coinsurance or copayment | \ | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | 50% | 75% | K | \ \ |
| Skilled nursing facility care coinsurance | | | ~ | | ~ | | 50% | 75% | \ | \ \ |
| Part A deductible | | N | V | <u>\</u> | V | | 50% | 75% | 50% | \ \ |
| Part B deductible | | | ∀ | | Y | | | | | |
| Part B excess charges | | | | | V | ✓ | | | | |
| Foreign travel emergency (up to plan limits) | | | 80% | 80% | 80% | 80% | | | 80% | 80% |
| | | | | | limit in | -pocket 2022** \$3,310 | | | | |

^{*} Plans F and G also offer a high-deductible plan in some states. With this option, you must pay for Medicare-covered costs (coinsurance, copayments, and deductibles) up to the deductible amount of \$2,490 in 2022 before your policy pays anything. (You can't buy Plans C and F if you were new to Medicare on or after January 1, 2020. See Medicare & You Handbook for more information at https://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/10050-medicare-and-you.pdf.)

^{**} For Plans K and L, after you meet your out-of-pocket yearly limit and your yearly Part B deductible (\$233 in 2022), the Medigap plan pays 100% of covered services for the rest of the calendar year.

^{***}Plan N pays 100% of the Part B coinsurance. You must pay a copayment of up to \$20 for some office visits and up to a \$50 copayment for emergency room visits that don't result in an inpatient admission.